

《高考英语语法填空真题37（含答案解析）》

2018年全国卷三

第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分, 满分15分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

I'm not sure _____61_____ is more frightened, me or the female gorilla(大猩猩)that suddenly appears out of nowhere. I'm walking on a path in the forest in the Central African Republic. Unexpectedly, I'm face-to-face with the gorilla, who begins screaming at _____62_____ top of her lungs. That makes her baby scream, and then a 400-pound male appears. He screams the

_____63_____ (loud)of all. The noise shakes the trees as the male beats his chest and charges toward me. I quickly lower myself, ducking my head to avoid _____64_____ (look) directly into his eyes so he doesn't feel _____65_____ (challenge).

My name is Mireya Mayor. I'm a _____66_____ (science)who studies animals such as apes and monkeys. I was searching _____67_____ these three western lowland gorillas I'd been observing. No one had seen them for hours, and my colleagues and I were worried.

When the gorillas and I frightened each other, I was just glad to find _____68_____ (they) alive. True to a gorilla's unaggressive nature, the huge animal _____69_____ (mean)me no real harm. He was just saying: "I'm king of this forest, and here is your reminder!" Once his message was delivered, he allowed me _____70_____ (stay)and watch.

答案解析：

61.

根据句子结构, 这里需要一个连接词来引导宾语从句, 并且指代人, 所以使用"who"。

62. "at the top of her

lungs"是一个固定短语, 表示某人尽全力地叫喊, 所以使用"the"。

63. 根据上下文, 这里需要使用形容词的最高级来表示这个雄性大猩猩的叫声是最响亮的, 所以使用"loudest"。

64. "avoid"后面需要接动名词作宾语，表示避免做某事，所以使用"looking"。
65. "feel"后面需要接形容词作宾语补足语，表示感到被挑战，所以使用"challenged"。
66. 根据上下文，这里需要表示职业身份，所以使用"scientist"。
67. "search for"是一个固定短语，表示寻找，所以使用"for"。
68. "find"后面需要接宾语，指代前面提到的三只大猩猩，所以使用"them"。
69. "meant"是动词"mean"的过去式，表示过去的意思或意图，所以使用"meant"。
70.
"allow"后面通常接带不定式符号to的动词原形，表示允许某人做某事，所以使用"to stay"。

